



GREAT Insights: 5-Year Results for AAA repair with the Gore Excluder Stent Graft

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No Financial Disclosures

Background & Rationale



- EVAR is the more common means for AAA repair
 - Benefits in early survival, perioperative morbidity, and length of stay
 - Mid to long-term results → survival curves merge, but EVAR patients exhibit a significantly elevated re-intervention rate at extended follow-up time points.
- Questions remain to long-term durability and efficacy of EVAR.
 - Paucity of long-term outcomes in “real-world” use has created space for quality EVAR registry data to help answer these questions

Objective & Methods



- Use the GREAT Registry to explore the 5-year outcomes of the Gore Excluder graft in “real-world” use
 - **Safety, Durability and Efficacy**
- The Global Registry for Endovascular Aortic Treatment (GREAT) Registry
 - Loa J, Dubenec S, Cao P, Milner R, Silveira PG, Trimarchi S, Verhoeven E, Weaver F.
The Gore Global Registry for Endovascular Aortic Treatment: Objectives and Design. *Ann Vasc Surg.* 2016 Feb;31:70-6.
 - Primary Endpoints
 - Endoleaks, Stent fracture or migration, aortic rupture, and endograft explantation.
 - Secondary Endpoints
 - Serious device events, aortic related mortality, Long term survival

Cohort Characteristics & Follow-Up



| Characteristics and Risk Factors | N=3226 |
|--|--------------|
| Gender | |
| Male | 2757 (85.5%) |
| Female | 469 (14.5%) |
| Race | |
| White/Caucasian | 2893 (89.7%) |
| Black/African American | 108 (3.3%) |
| Asian | 20 (0.6%) |
| Middle Eastern | 7 (0.2%) |
| Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander | 11 (0.3%) |
| Other | 44 (1.4%) |
| Unknown | 136 (4.2%) |
| Medical Comorbidities | |
| Hypertension | 2604 (81.3%) |
| Hypercholesterolemia | 2077 (66.8%) |
| Tobacco Use | 1756 (56.1%) |
| Coronary Artery Disease | 1298 (41.2%) |
| COPD | 821 (26.0%) |
| Cancer | 722 (22.8%) |
| Peripheral Vascular Disease | 613 (19.5%) |
| Diabetes Mellitus | 601 (18.8%) |
| Renal Insufficiency | 512 (16.0%) |
| Stroke | 314 (9.9%) |
| Region | |
| Europe | 1193 (37.0%) |
| United States | 1669 (51.7%) |
| Brazil | 233 (7.2%) |
| Australia/New Zealand | 131 (4.1%) |
| Age (yrs) | |
| Mean (SD) | 73.4 (8.3) |
| BMI | |
| Mean (SD) | 27.5 (5.1) |

| Follow-Up Time Point | Actual follow-up /Eligible for follow-up (%) |
|----------------------|--|
| 1 Month | 2313/3178 (72.8%) |
| 6 Months | 1828/3067 (59.6%) |
| 1 Year | 2158/2905 (74.3%) |
| 2 Years | 1933/2711 (71.3%) |
| 3 Years | 1152/1780 (64.7%) |
| 4 Years | 652/1071 (60.9%) |
| 5 Years | 306/477 (64.2%) |

C3 cohort with 63.4% ASA III/IV

Verhoeven et al., Real-world Performance of the New C3 Gore Excluder Stent-Graft: 1-year Results from the European C3 Module of the Global Registry for Endovascular Aortic Treatment (GREAT). *Eur J Vasc Endovasc Surg.* 2014 Aug;48(2):131-7

~64%

Follow-up though 5-Years

~52%

Cases done in U.S

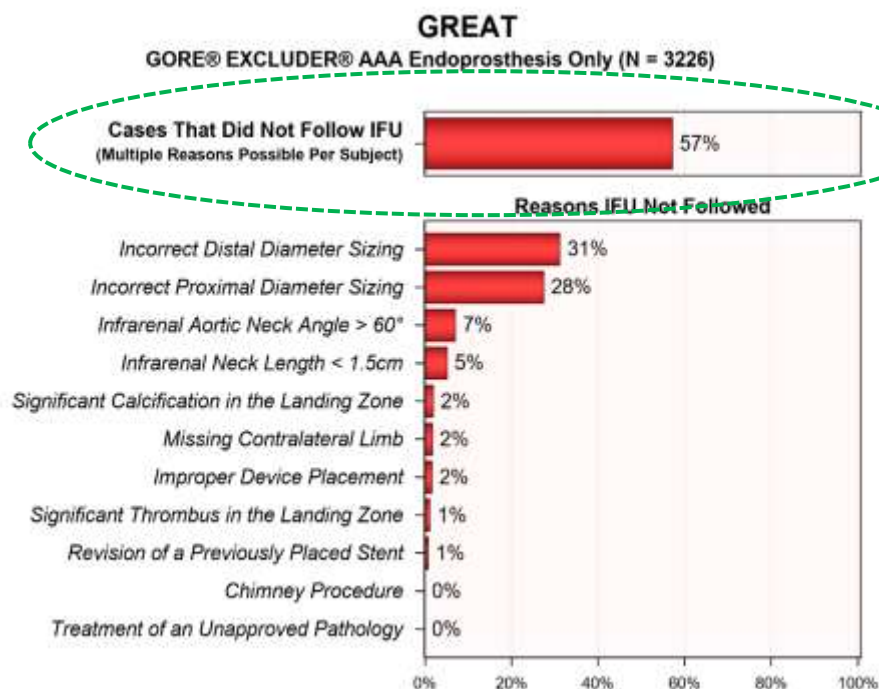
Index Procedural Characteristics



Initial Treatment Data

| Subject/Characteristic | Result |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Max Aortic Dimeter (cm) | 5.7 (1.2) |
| Aortic Neck Length (cm) | 2.9 (1.5) |
| # (%) <1.5 cm Aortic Neck | 169 (5.2%) |
| Aortic Neck Angulation ° (SD) | 30.7 (21.5) |
| # (%) >60° Aortic Neck Angulation | 229 (7.1%) |
| # (%) >75° Aortic Neck Angulation | 98 (3.0%) |
| Hospital Duration (Days) | |
| Mean (SD) | 4.0 (6.02) |
| Median | 2.0 |
| Technical Success (%) | 3226 (100%) |
| Procedural Survival (%) | 3226 (100%) |
| ICU Stay (%) | 92 (2.9%) |
| Hospital Survival (%) | 3218 (99.8%) |

IFU Violations

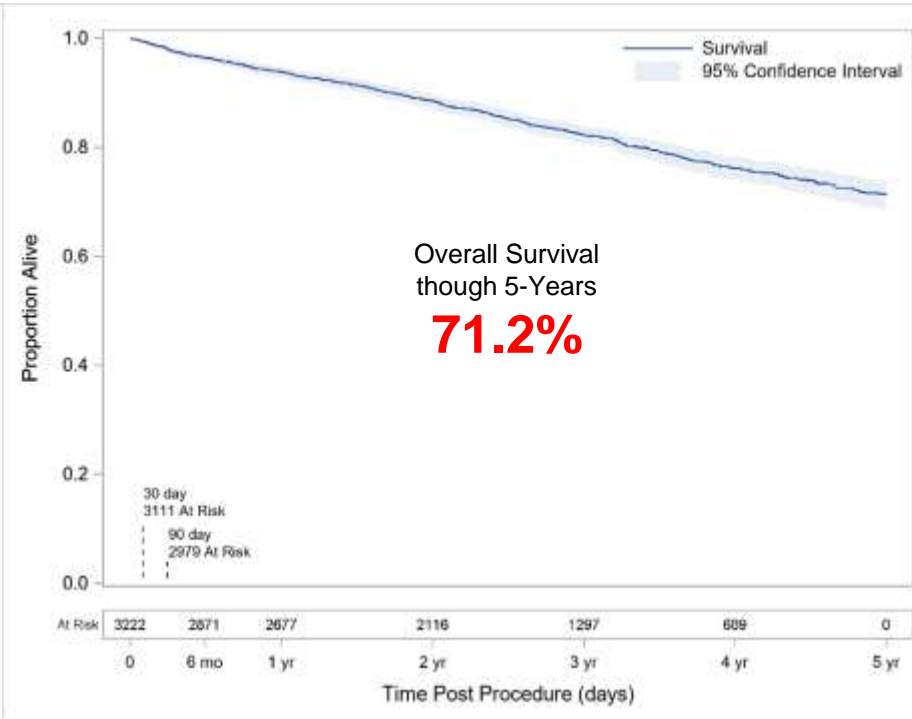
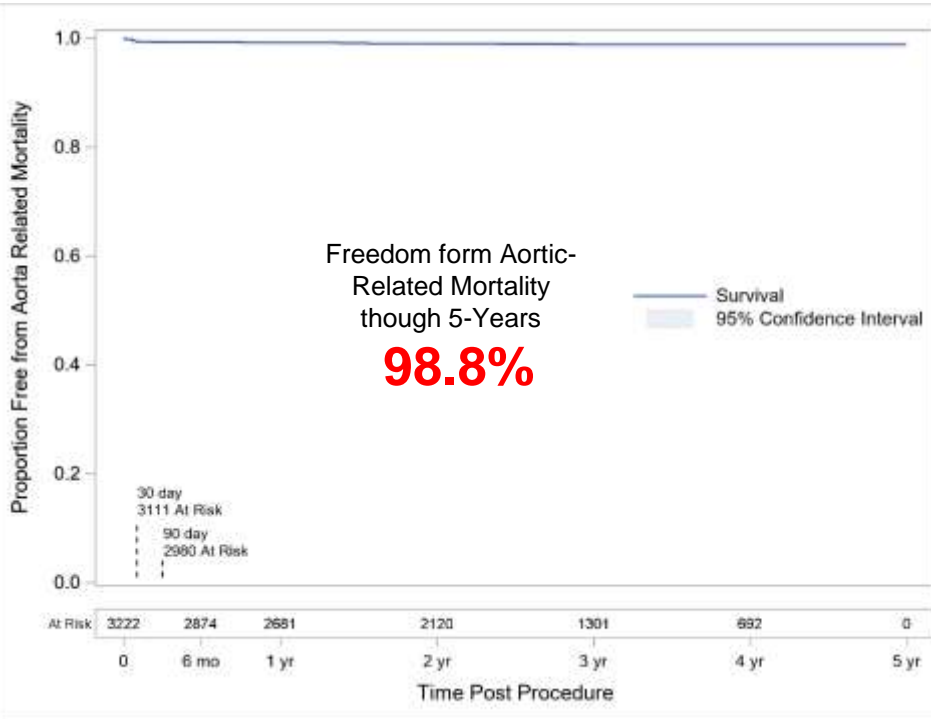


All-Cause & Aortic-Related Mortality



% Free from Aorta-Related Mortality

% Overall Survival



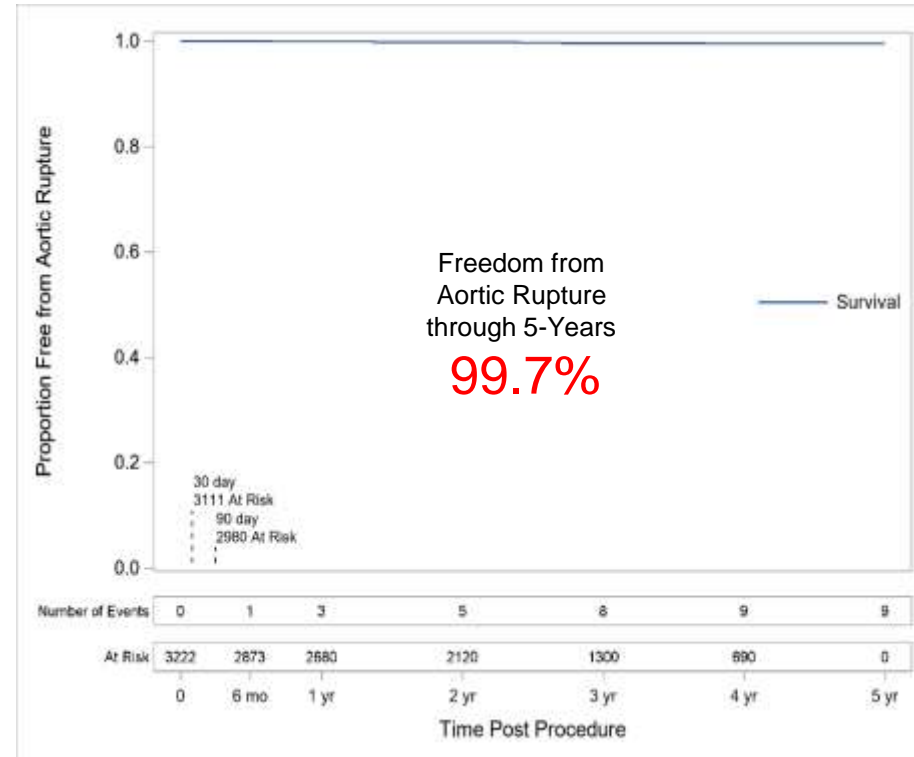
Key Outcomes Through 5-Years



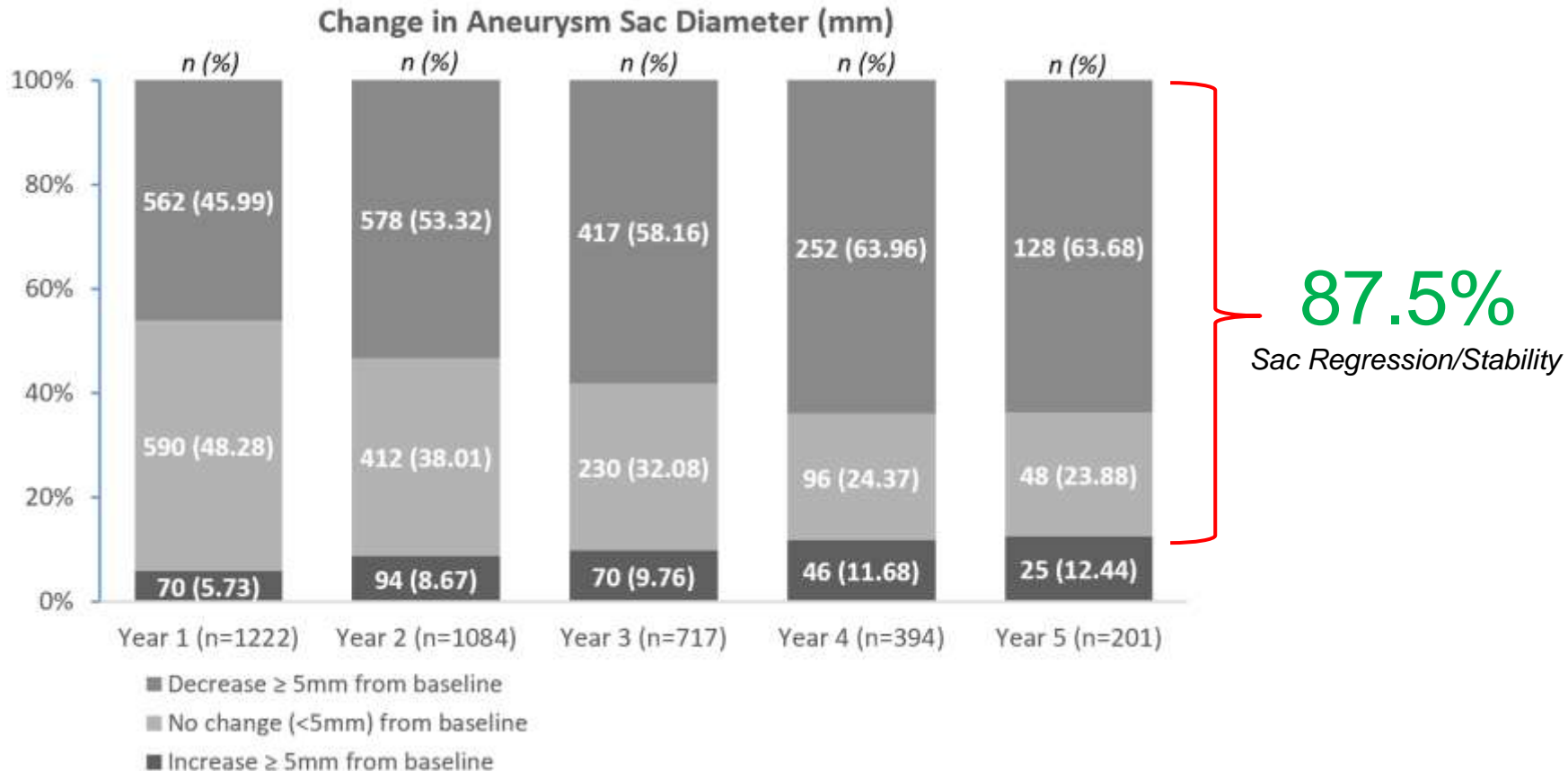
Event Rates through 5-Years

| Events | 5 Years (N =3226) |
|---|-------------------|
| Stroke/TIA | 85 (2.6%) |
| Paraplegia/Paraparesis/Spinal Cord Ischemia | 3 (<0.1%) |
| Device Related Reinterventions | 164 (5.1%) |
| Conversion to Open/Explant | 25 (0.8%) |
| Endoleak | 177 (5.5%) |
| Type IA | 26 (0.8%) |
| Type IB | 21 (0.7%) |
| Type II | 138 (4.3%) |
| Type III | 7 (0.2%) |
| Type IV | 0 (0%) |
| Stent Graft | |
| Migration | 1 (<0.1%) |
| Fracture | 0 (0.0%) |
| Compression | 2 (<0.1%) |
| Aortic Rupture | 9 (0.3%) |

Proportion Free from Aortic Rupture



Aneurysm Sac Morphology



Conclusion



- Limitations
 - Follow-up <80% → Likely reflecting “real-world” circumstances
- Key Findings
 - **Safety** → Excellent technical success (100%), procedure survival (100%), hospital survival (99.8%), paraplegia rate (0.1%)
 - **Durability** → No stent fractures, negligible occurrence of stent compression and/or migration, and low aortic/device-related re-intervention rates
 - **Efficacy** → Extremely low aortic-related mortality and post EVAR aortic rupture rates, with ~ 88% sac regression/stability at 5 years



Thank You



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